EPOWERS Research Group: Efficient POWER Electronics, POWERtrain and Energy Solutions

EPOWERS Research Group: Research Portfolio MOBI Research Centre & ETEC Department Vrije Universiteit Brussel (VUB)



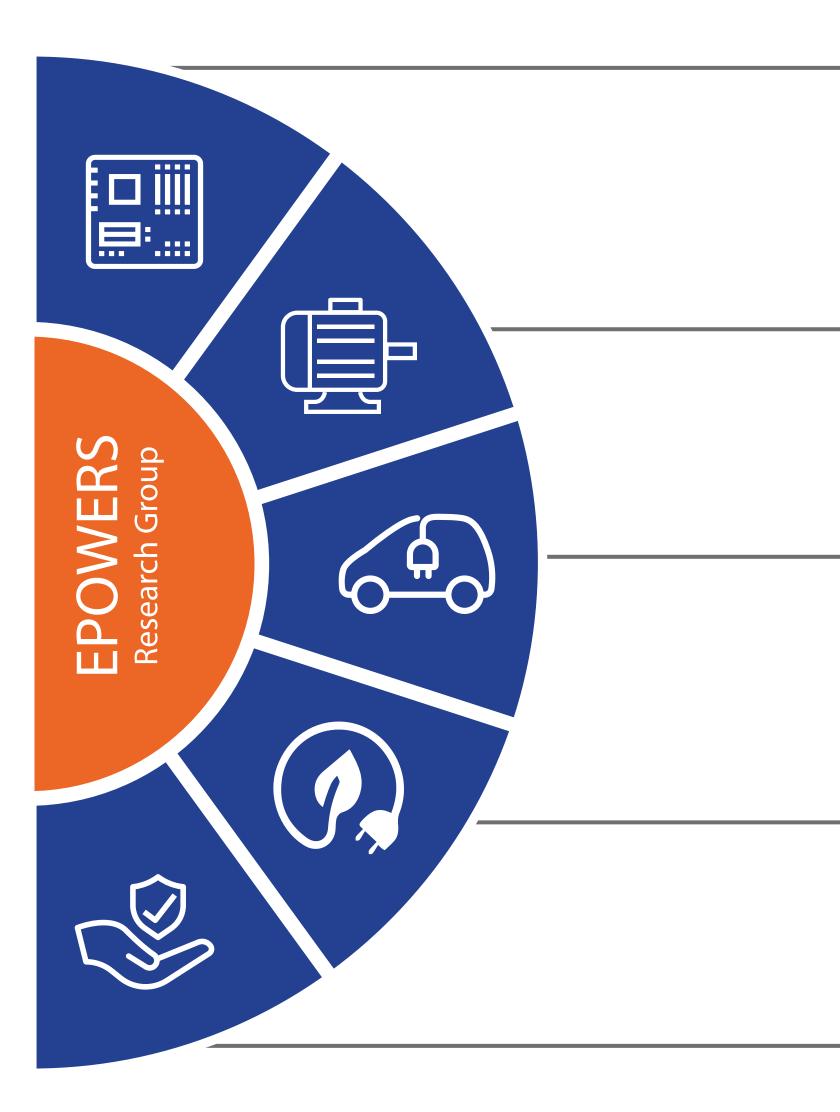
RESEARCH GROUP







Portfolio Research **EPOWERS**





Power Electronics

Charging Systems Inverters & multi-level converters DC/DC converters & Active Front-End (AFE) Battery Management Systems (BMS)

Electrical Machines

Design and Optimization System Control Performance Assessment

Vehicle Powertrains

Digital Twin Powertrain Codesign Optimization Framework ECO-energy management strategies Fleet Electrification

Smart Green Grid Solutions

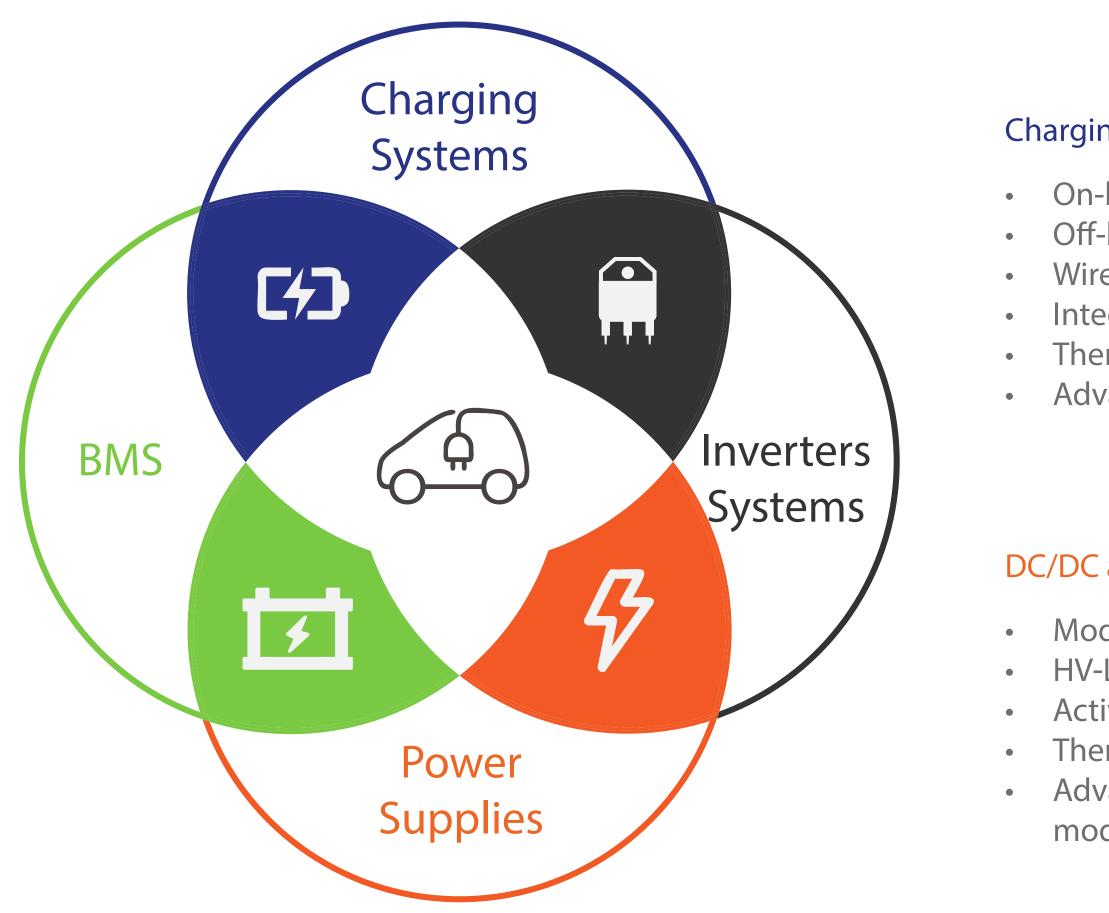
Design, Optimization and Sizing of Green assets Energy-Thermal Management and Control system Optimal Charging & V2X (V2G, V2B, V2H, V2D) Strategies

Digital Twin and Reliability

Virtual prototyping and validation of PE converters Virtual vehicles simulation and Fleets management Lifetime testing/ALT testing and RUL estimation



Power Electronics Research Track





Charging Systems

- On-board chargers & V2X
- Off-board chargers & V2X
- Wireless charging systems & V2G
- Integrated Chargers
- Thermal design and optimization
- Advanced control: MPC, ANN

DC/DC and AFE converters

- Modular multiport DC/DC
- HV-LV DC/DC
- Active Front-End (AFE)
- Thermal design and optimization
- Advanced control: MPC, Sliding
- mode control, ANN-control

Inverter systems

- Modular Multi-level Inverters
- Traction inverters (VSI & ZSI)
- Grid-connected inverters (VSI & ZSI)
- Thermal design and losses optimization
- Advanced control: MPC, PSO based • IFOC, DTC, ANN-control

Battery Management Systems (BMS)

- Passive balancing systems
- Active balancing systems
- MLC for module balancing-BMS
- Predictive control-based balancing

V2X-Vehicle to everything, MPC-Model predictive control, ANN-Artificial neural network, PSO-Particle swarm optimization, IFOC-Indirect field-oriented control, DTC-Direct Torque Control



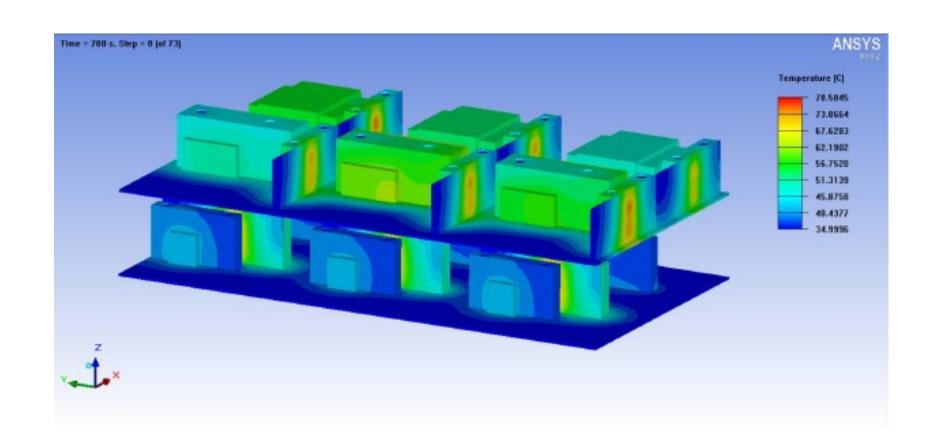
Charging Systems: Modular On-Board Charging systems

1. Design Specification & Optimization

2. Converter Analysis and control

- Power Density
- Efficiency
- Reliability
- Cooling selection
- Advanced Topology
- WBG Devices (i.e., SiC and GaN)

- Electrical model
- Magnetic model
- Optimal control: Iterative adaptive frequency control with minimum THDi
- V2X (V2G, V2B, V2H, V2D)





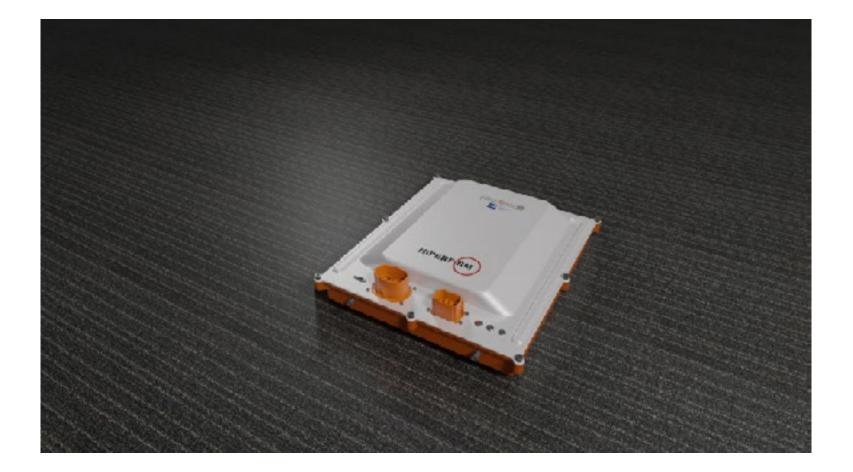
EFFICIENT POWER ELECTRONICS, POWERTRAIN & ENERGY SOLUTIONS RESEARCH GROUP

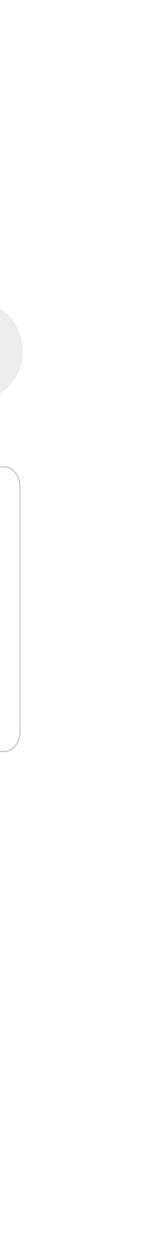
3. OBC Modeling & Virtual Prototyping

4. Hardware Development and Testing

- Physics based (3D)
- Universal loss model
- Electrical transient model
- Average loss model
- Map-based model
- Equivalent thermal models
- Multi core HiL model

- WBG technology
- Compact busbar & cooling
- Modular designs
- Local measurements
- Full load testing
- Testing at different ambient conditions





Charging Systems: Modular Off-Board Charging systems

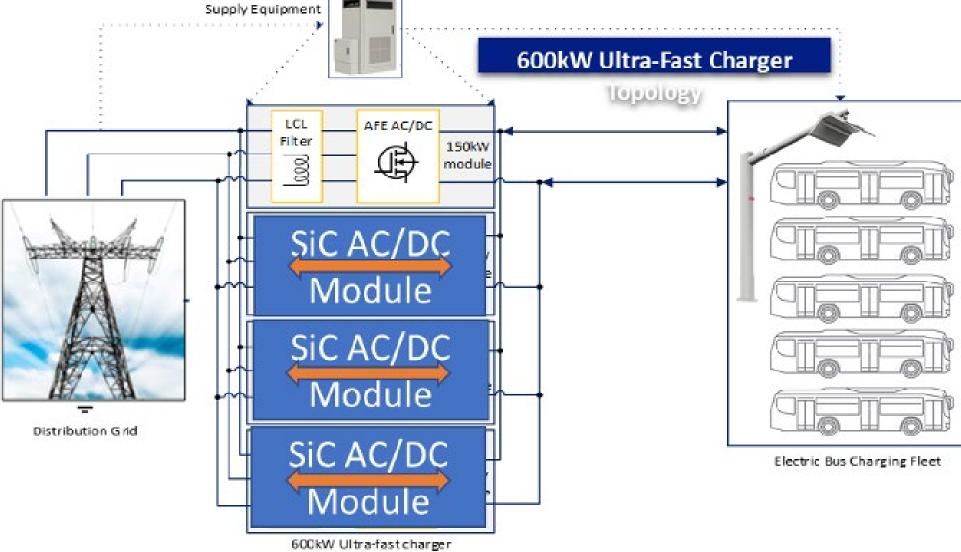
Design Specification 1. and Optimization

Converter Analysis 2. and Control

- Topology
- Power devices
- Passive filter design
- Power density
- Efficiency
- Reliability
- V2X (V2G, V2B, V2H, V2D) ٠

Modular converter design •

- Dynamic & linear modeling
- Static Stability analysis
- Dynamic analysis
- Advanced control: H-infinity control based on GA, adaptive PI control based on PSO





Thermal Modeling 3. and Cooling

Hardware Prototype 4. and HiL Testing

- Dynamic loss modeling
- Filter loss modeling
- Thermal modeling
- Cooling system modeling
- Simulation testing
- Virtual prototyping

Real-time HiL testing •

- Modular designs
- Inductor design
- Integrated gate driver
- Modular cooling system • development

Substation: Power Converter



Charging Systems: Wireless Power Charging Systems

1. Design Specification and Optimization

2. Converter Analysis and Control

- Topology
- Devices (SiC, GaN)
- Resonant components
- Power rating
- Switching frequency

- Phase Shift Control, PWM Modulation, PID controller
- Steady-state analysis
- V2G, G2V
- Transient analysis





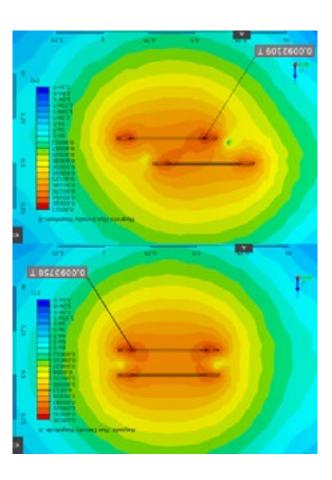
3. Flux Modelling

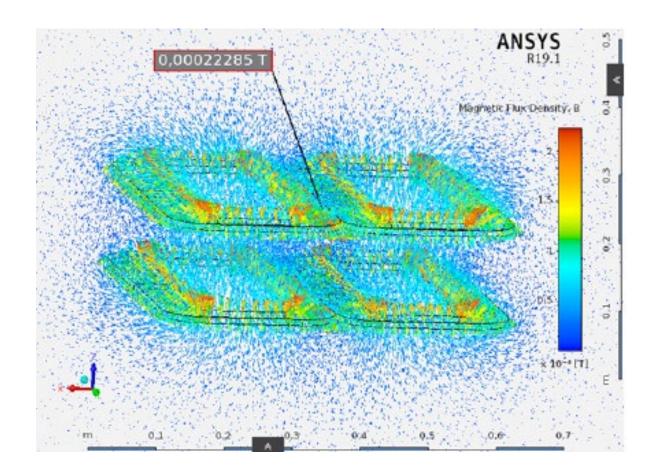
4. WPC Prototype Design and Testing

- Physics based 3D Flux distribution modelling
- System loss model

• GaNs, SiC devices

- Integrated gate-drives
- Coil design optimization
 3.7 kW -7.7 kW-22 kW
- Modular design
- High frequency inverter PCB (kHz)







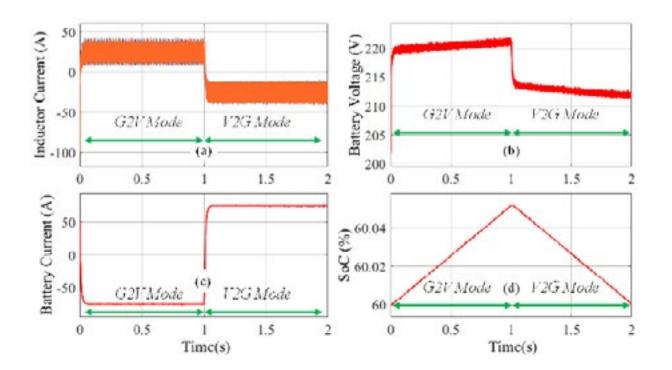
Charging systems: Multifunctional Integrated Charger systems

1. Design Specification and Optimization

2. Converter Analysis and Control

- Multifunctional and Flexible
 Design
- Efficient Power Converters
- Compatible Motor
 Configuration
- Voltage and Power Level selection

- Steady-state analysis
- Transient analysis
- Optimized and Intelligent Control
- Adaptive Data Capturing
- RT-Control Design (DSP, FPGA)
- Reactive Power
 Compensation
- Voltage Regulation and and Harmonic Reduction





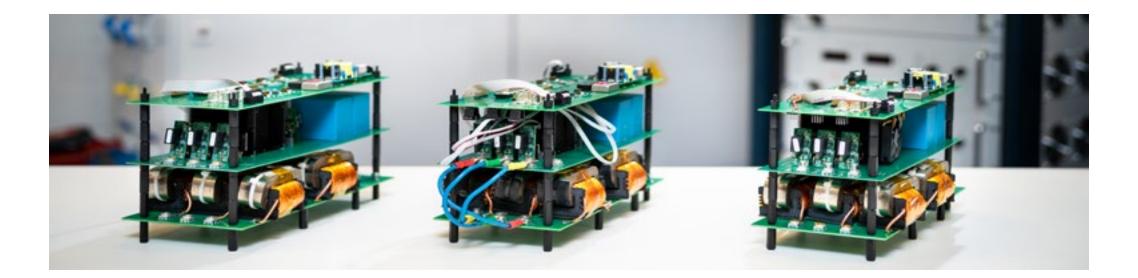
DSP-Digital Signal Processing, FPGA-Field Programmable Gate Arrays, FEM-Finite Element Method, PCB-Printed circuit board, CAD- Computer-Aided Design, HiL-Hardware-in-the-loop

3. Thermal Modelling and Cooling

4. Hardware Prototype and HiL Testing

- Dynamic loss modeling
- Detailed Thermal modeling
- Efficient cooling modelling in FEM
- Battery thermal modeling in FEM

- Optimal passive component design
- Multi-layer PCB design
- Integrated gate-drivers
- Distributed Cooling System
- Real-time HiL Testing





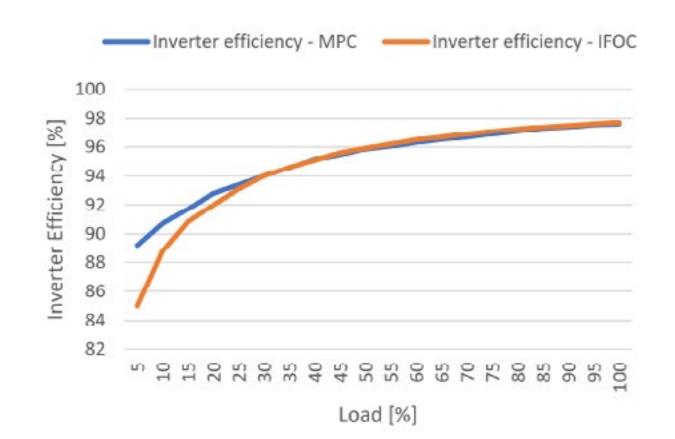
Inverter Systems: Modular Inverter systems

1. Design Specification and Optimization

2. Converter Analysis and Control

- Topology selection
- Technology (Si, SiC, GaN)
- DC-link capacitor
- Efficient cooling system
- Switching frequency
- Power density
- Reliability

- Steady-state analysis
- Transient analysis
- Load response analysis
- Advanced control: optimal switching vector MPC for VSI, PSO-based IFOC & DTC
- RT-controller design (DSP, rapid prototyping, FPGA)





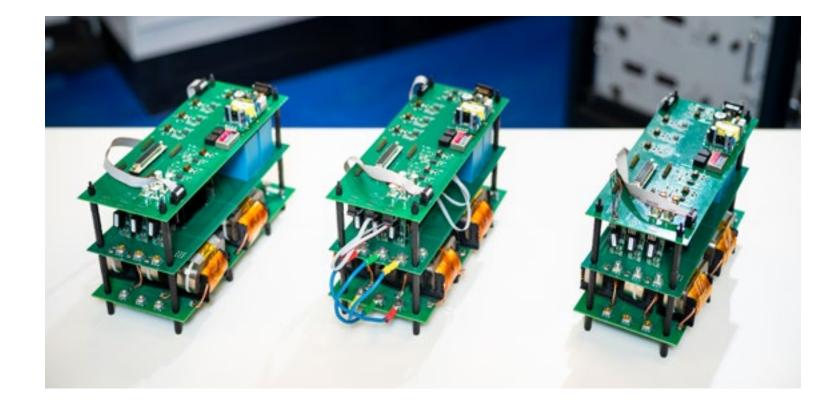
Si-Silicon, SiC-Silicon Carbide, GaN- Gallium Nitride, MPC-Model Predictive control, PSO- Particle swarm optimization, IFOC-Indirect field-oriented control, DTC-Direct Torque control, DSP-Digital Signal Processing, FPGA-Field Programmable Gate Arrays

3. Performance Evaluation

4. Prototype Design and Testing

- Line voltage harmonic
- Phase current harmonic
- DC-link voltage ripples
- Switch voltage stress
- Inductor current ripples
- Efficiency
- Obtainable AC voltage
- Thermal design validation

- Modular designs
- Integrated gate-drives
- Passive component size
- Load testing (No-Load to 100%)





Inverter systems: Modular Multilevel Inverter systems

1. Design Specification and Optimization

2. Converter Analysis and Control

- Multilevel voltages
- Modular topology selection
- Submodule devices
- Passive components
- WBG semiconductors
- Cooling Optimization

Mathematical modelling

- Steady-state analysis
- Transient analysis
- Output current control
- Submodule balancing
- Circulating current elimination
- Model predictive control

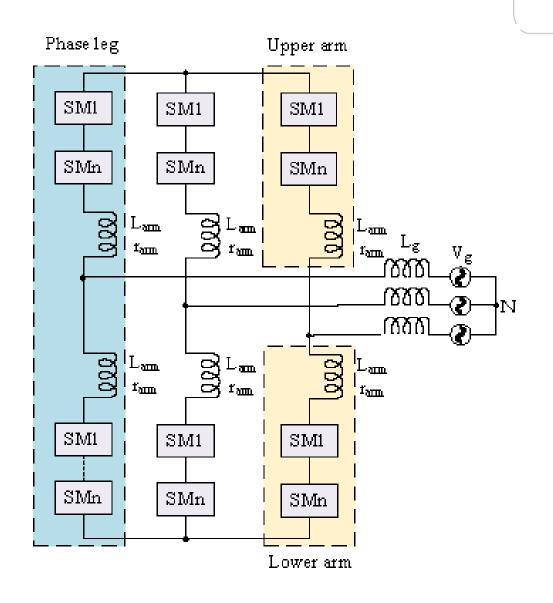


3. Electro-Thermal Modeling and Cooling

4. Prototype Design and Hardware Testing

- Electro-thermal modeling
- Mechanical modeling
- Detailed thermal analysis in FEM
- HiL modeling for control validation

- SiC & GaN power devices
- Modular designs
- Scalable designs
- Modular cooling
- Integrated gate driver
- Full-load testing via scaled lab DC microgrid







Inverter systems: Scalable Multi-Inverter systems

1. Design Specification and Optimization

2. Converter Analysis and Control

- Multi-Inverters/Multiport
- Fault-Tolerance Strategies
- Technology selection (Si, SiC, GaN)
- Switching frequency
- Passive components sizing

Integrated Motor Control

- Torque Vectoring
- Torque ripple reduction
- Steady-state analysis
- Transient analysis
- Load response analysis
- RT-controller design
 (DSP, rapid prototyping, FPGA)

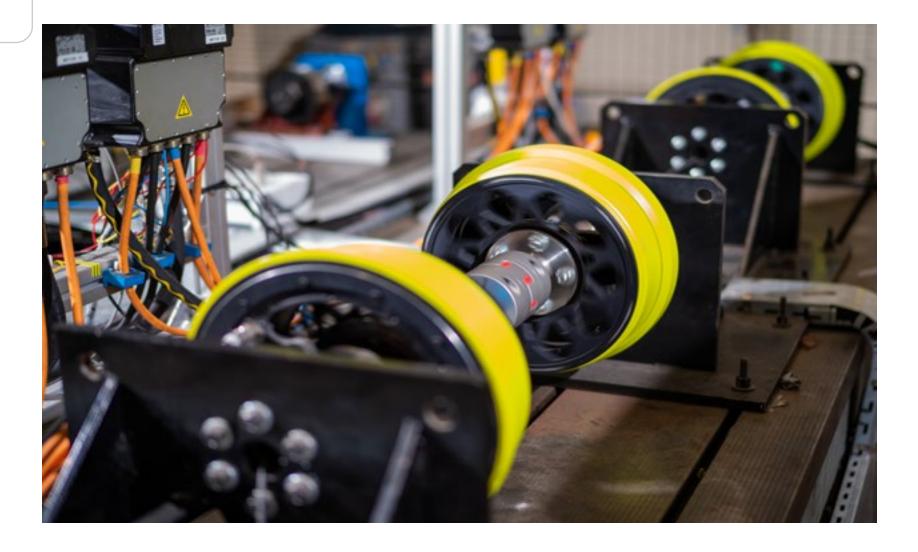


3. Performance Evaluation

4. Prototype Design and Testing

- Efficiency assessment
- Reliability assessment
- Thermal design validation

- Scalable prototype
- Cooling system design
- Full load testing
- Torque Vectoring validation
- Torque ripple validation
- Fault scenarios testing





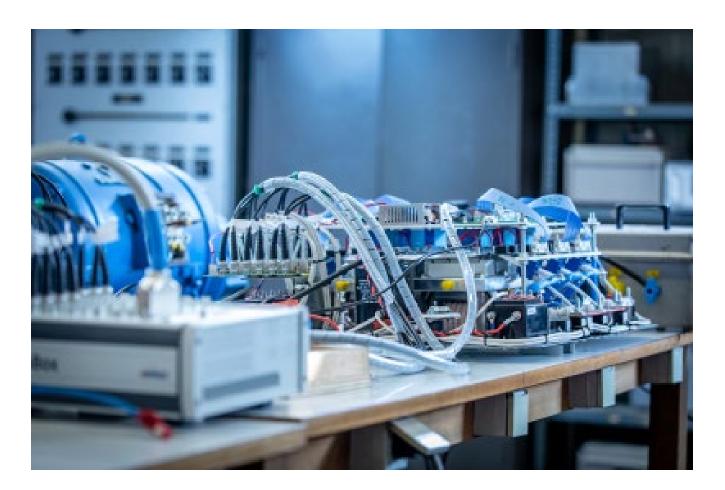
Multiport and Modular HV DC/DC Converter systems

1 Design Spectrum and Optimization **Design Specification**

Converter Analysis 2. and Control

- Topology selection •
- Devices (Si, SiC, GaN)
- Passive components
- Switching frequency selection
- Heatsink (Air/ Liquid)

- Steady-state analysis
- Transient analysis
- Load response analysis
- Optimal control: MPC, sliding mode control, ANN-based
- RT-controller design (DSP, rapid prototyping, FPGA/dSPACE)





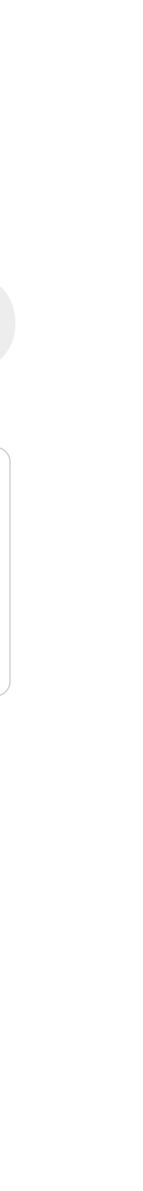
3. Electro-mail Modelling **Electro-Thermal**

4. Converse. Design & Testing Converter Prototype

- Scalable modeling •
- Physics based (3D) modeling
- Universal loss modeling •
- Electrical transient modeling •
- Average loss modeling •
- Map-based modeling •
- Equivalent thermal modeling •
- Multi core HiL modeling •

- WBG technology •
- Compact busbar and cooling design
- Modular designs •
- Multifunctionalities testing •
- Full load testing ~250kW

Si-Silicon, SiC-Silicon Carbide, GaN- Gallium Nitride, MPC-Model predictive control, DSP-Digital Signal Processing, FPGA-Field Programmable Gate Arrays, HiL-Hardware-in-the-loop





Battery management systems (BMS): Active Battery Management Systems (ABMS) and Balancing Circuits

1. **Design Specification** and Optimization

BMS balancing 2. techniques

- Passive and Active BMS Topologies
- Multilevel balancing concept (MBC)
- Modular BMS
- Active Fast BMS
- Performance Evaluation:
 - Vehicle applications •
 - Stationary applications •

- Circuit topology optimization
- Predictive control-based balancing (i.e., Model Predictive control (MPC))
- Energy Balancing Enhancement





Electro-Thermal 3. Modelling and Cooling

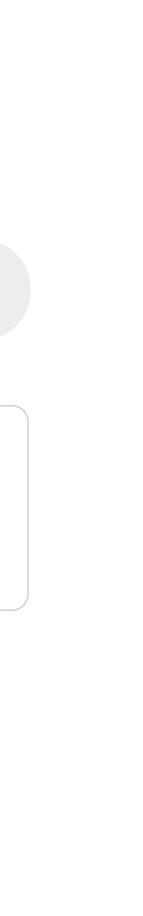
4. Hardware Testing Prototype Design and

- Digital twin of the BMS • of balancing circuits
- Component sizing and selection • of the BMS
- Integrated and modular cooling • of the balancing circuit

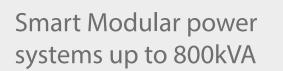
- SiL development •
- P-HiL development
- Modular BMS prototype • (i.e., manufactured Flex BMS v1)
- Full Scale testing •



Flex BMS v1



PE Research Infrastructure: Power Electronics Innovation Lab (PEIL)



Multiple Electrical Machines Group up to 250kW



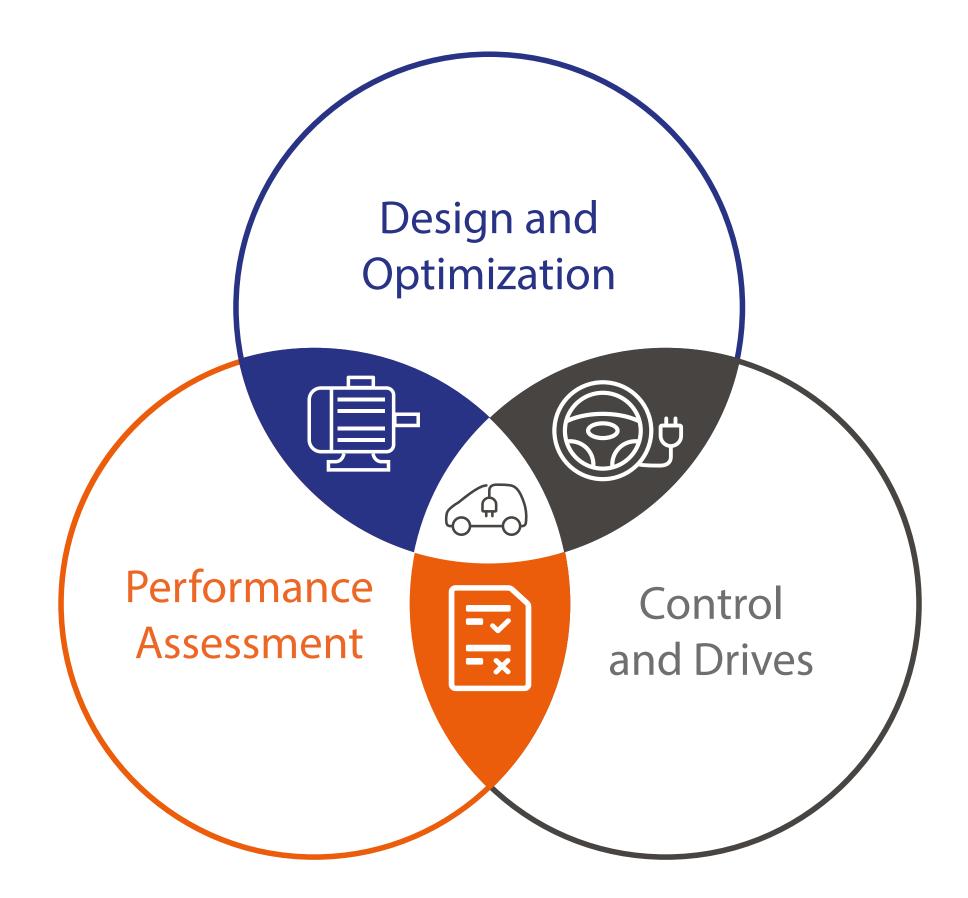


Advanced PE Converter Testbench & Performance Testing Up to 250kW



Grid and dynamic load setup for the DUTs

Programmable Source / Load 1000V (160kW)





FEA-Finite Element Analysis, MPC-Model predictive control, ANN- Artificial neural network, PSO- Particle swarm optimization, IFOC-Indirect field-oriented control, DTC-Direct Torque Control

Design and Optimization

- Electromagnetic 2D and 3D FEA Design
- Magnetic Circuit and Winding Design of EM using Analytical Methods

Control and Drives

- System Analysis of converter fed Machines
- WBG-based Modular Multi-level
 Inverters
- WBG-based Z-Source
 Inverters (ZSI)

Performance Assessment

- Digital Twin validation
- Measurements on Motors
 and Converters

- Thermal Analysis of EM
- Multidisciplinary optimization

 Advanced control: MPC, PSO based IFOC, DTC, ANN-control

Test Setup for In-Wheel
 Motors



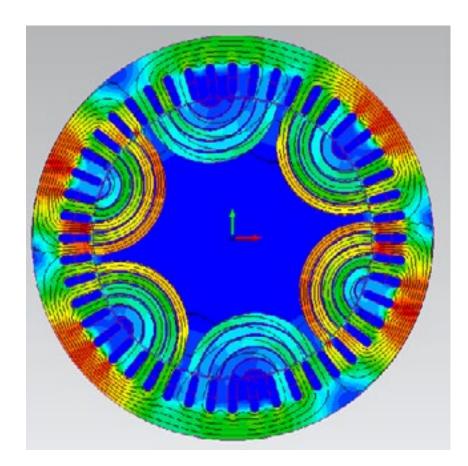
Brushless Doubly Fed Reluctance Motor/Generator (BDFRM/BDFRG)

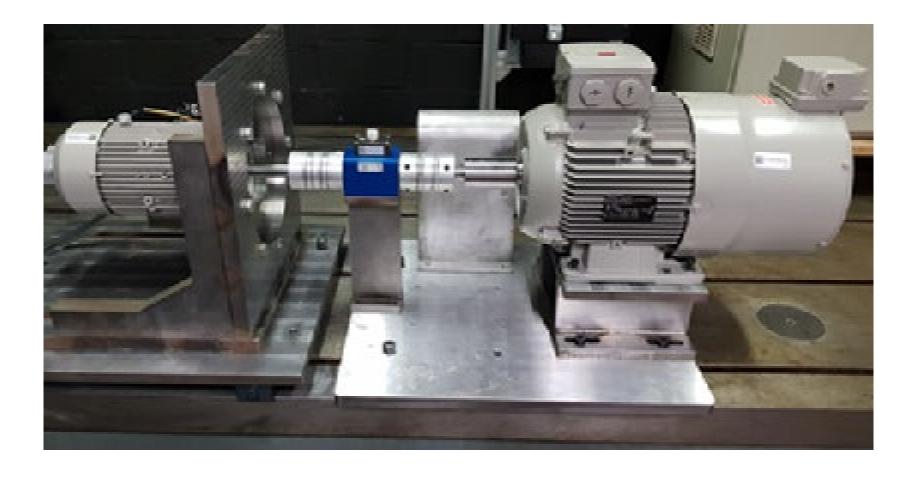
1. Design Specification and Optimization

2. Modeling and Control Approach

- Drive system design
- Variable speed
- Cost minimization
- Rotor structure design

- Analytical modeling
- Finite Element Analysis (FEA)
- Reluctance Network modeling
- Active/Reactive Power Control







3. Performance Evaluation

4. Prototype Design and Hardware Testing

- Efficiency assessment
- Power Factor
- Cost Analysis

- DT validation
- FEA Validation
- Rapid Control Prototyping
- 7.5 kW flexible testbench







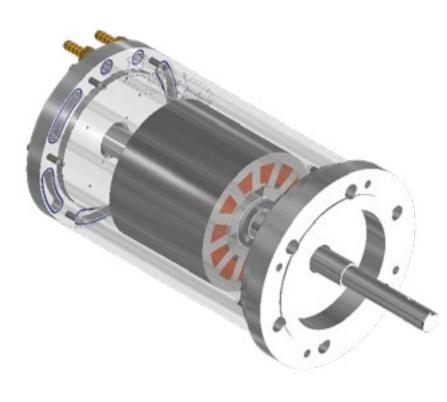
Switched Reluctance Machines (SRM)

1. Design Specification and Optimization

2. Modeling and Control Approach

- Segmental configuration
- Multi-stack configuration
- Stator structure
- Rotor structure
- Integrated drive systems

- Finite Element Analysis
- Physical modeling
- Controller design







3. Performance Evaluation

4. Prototype Design and Hardware Testing

- Flux feedback control
- Current control
- Speed control
- Torque feedback control
- Average torque
- Torque ripple

- Scaled design
- Multifunctional drives
- Rapid prototyping and DSP, FPGA/dSPACE control
- Efficient cooling system





1 PMSM- Inwheel Machines

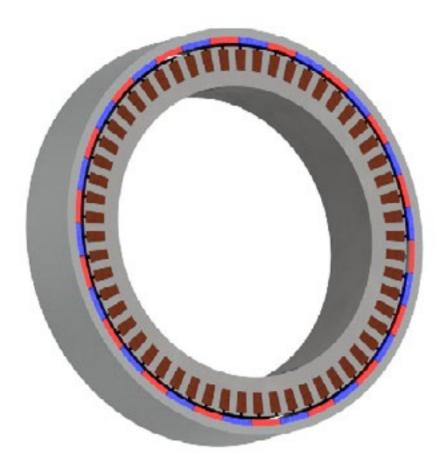
1 Design Specificationand Optimization

2. Modeling and Control Approach

- Machine design optimization
- Internal or external rotor
- Magnetic geometry
 optimization
- Integrated drive systems
- Integrated and non integrated cooling concepts

• Finite Element Analysis

- Multi-Physics Modeling (Coupled Electromagnetic and Thermal Model)
- Digital-Twin (synchronizing of the physical & digital models)
- Advanced controller design



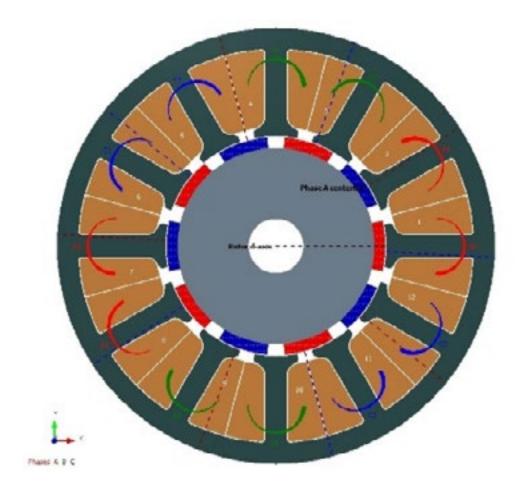


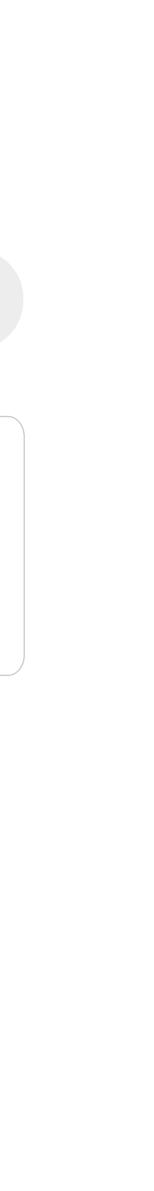
3. Performance Evaluation

4. Prototype Design and Hardware Testing

- Efficiency mapping
- Torque and speed control
- Machine and inverter temperature
- Parameter sensitivity analysis

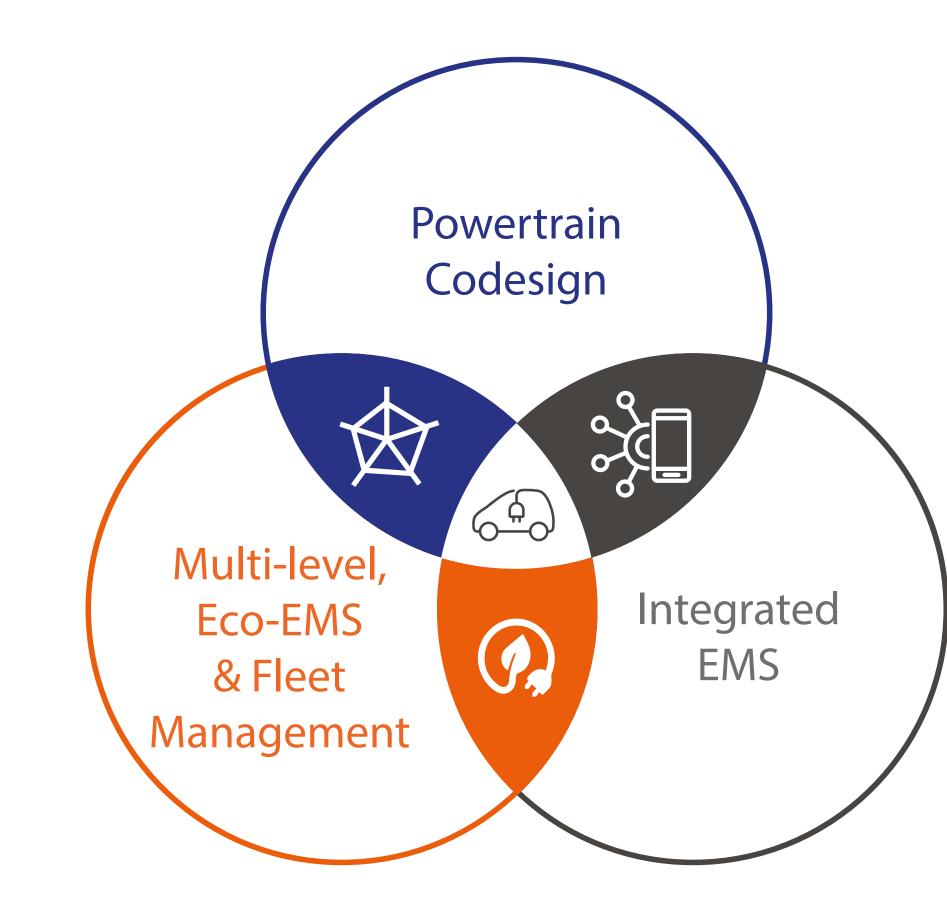
- Scaled design
- Torque ripple measurement
- Multifunctional drives
- Rapid prototyping and DSP, FPGA/dSPACE control
- Efficient cooling system







Vehicle Powertrain Codesign Optimization, Multi-level Integrated EMS & Electrification





Powertrain Co-Design Optimization

- Virtual Simulation Platform based on forward/backward facing models
- Modular Scalable Models (ICE, EM, Battery, gearbox)
- Hardware-controller coordination = codesign
- SiL/MiL optimization

Integrated EMS for Plug-in/Hybrid/Electric/Connected Vehicles

- Rule-based EMS
- Optimization-based EMS
- Learning-based EMS

Multi-level and Eco-EMS Strategies for Plug-in/Hybrid/ Electric/Connected Vehicles and Fleets

- Full Electrification of bus-lines in cities
- Eco-driving
- Eco-charging
- Eco-comfort



Vehicle Modelling and Optimal Co-design framework for EVs/HEVs

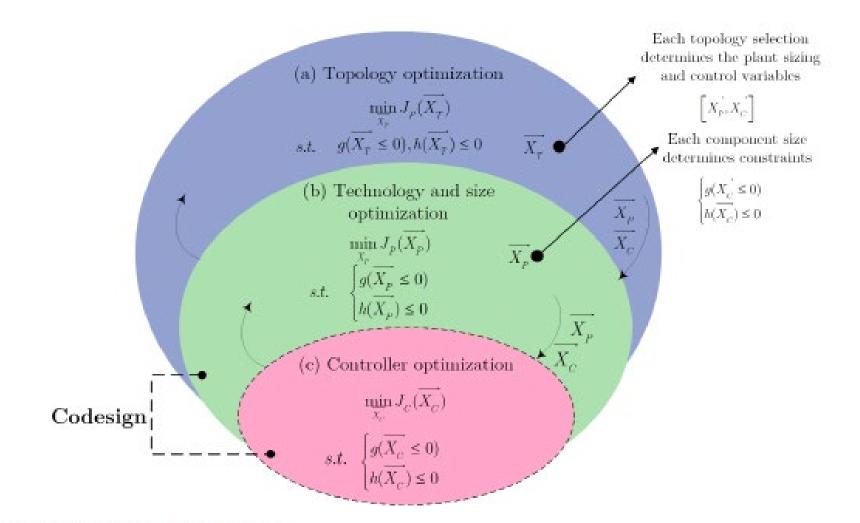


1. Vehicle modelling

2. Design specification & optimization

- Powertrain modeling (backward, forward facing) in 1D simulation tool
- Powertrain thermal, electro-mechanical and mechanical modeling

- Technologies and sizing
- Integrated thermal
 management strategies
- Integrated energy
 management strategies





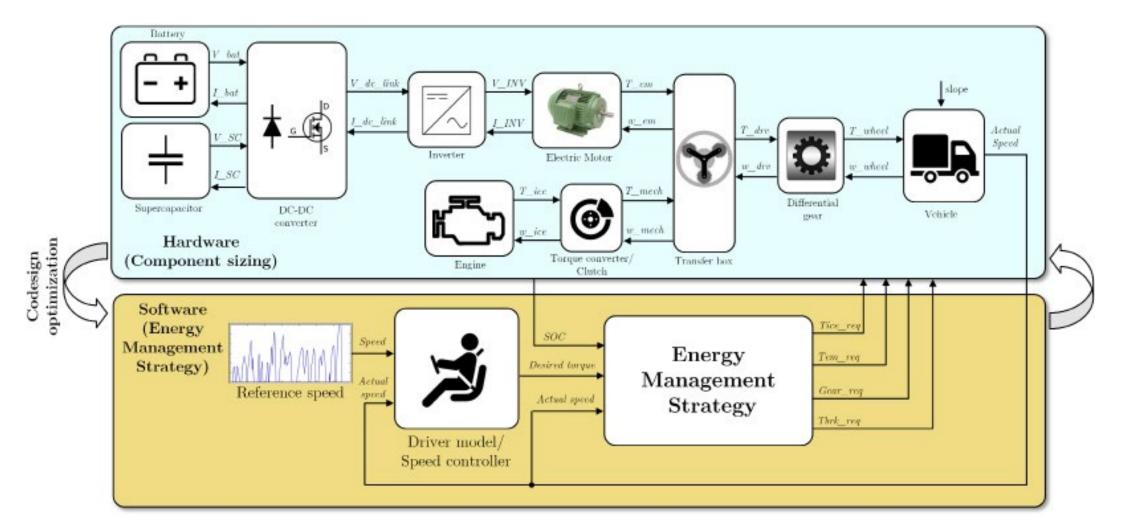
3. Codesign Methodology

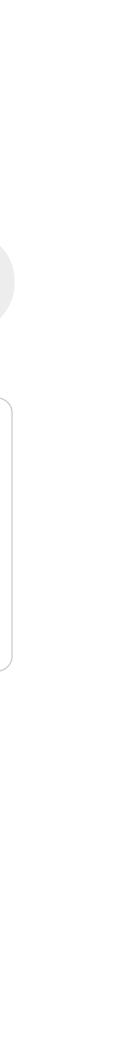
4. Virtual Testing and HiL Testing

- Coordination method
 (alternating, nested, simultaneous)
- Codesign = 'sizing' + 'control' optimization
- Evolutionary-based optimization algorithms

- Battery SoC regulation
- Battery chemistry limitations
- Experimental limitations
- Minimization of the fuel consumption
- HiL tests: real-time implementation

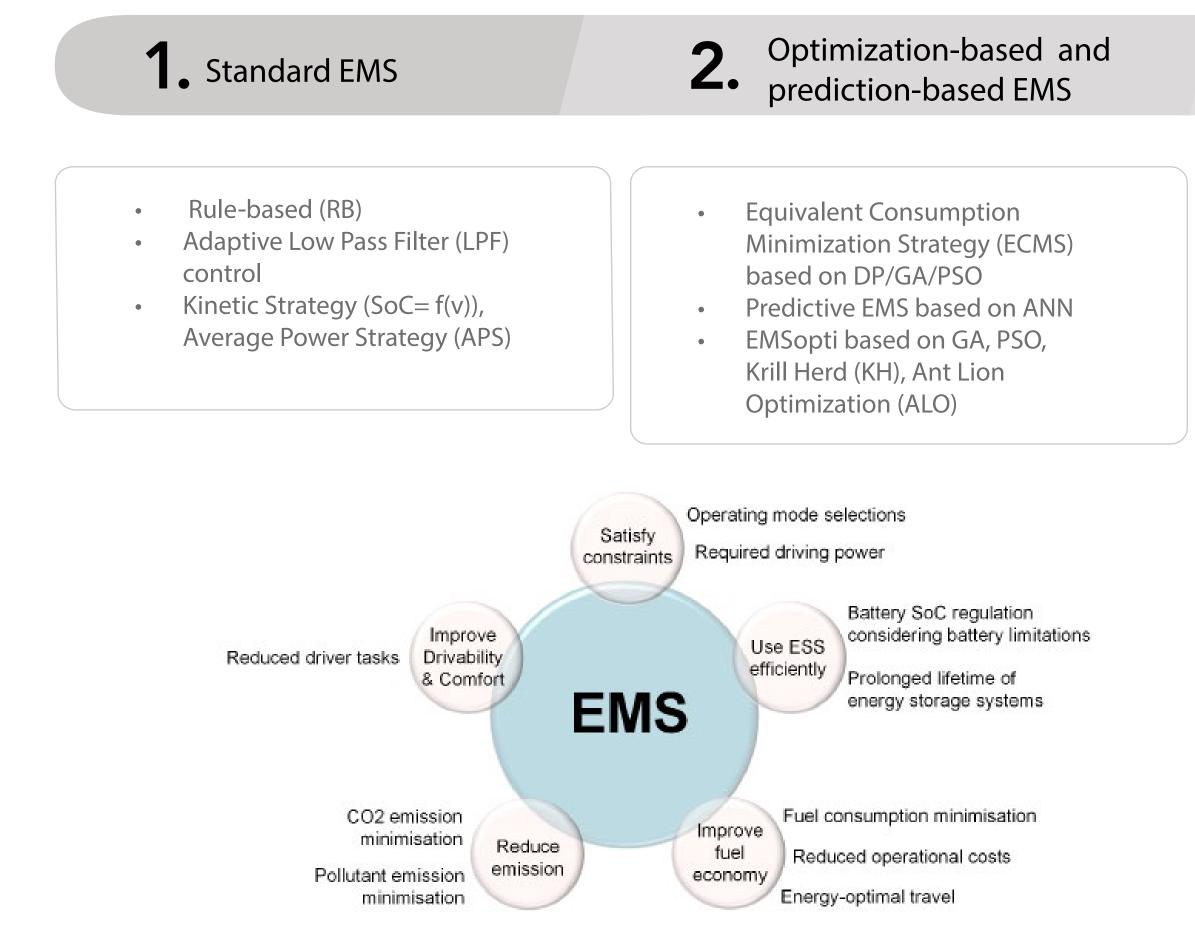
•





Vehicle Modelling and Optimal Co-design framework for EVs/HEVs

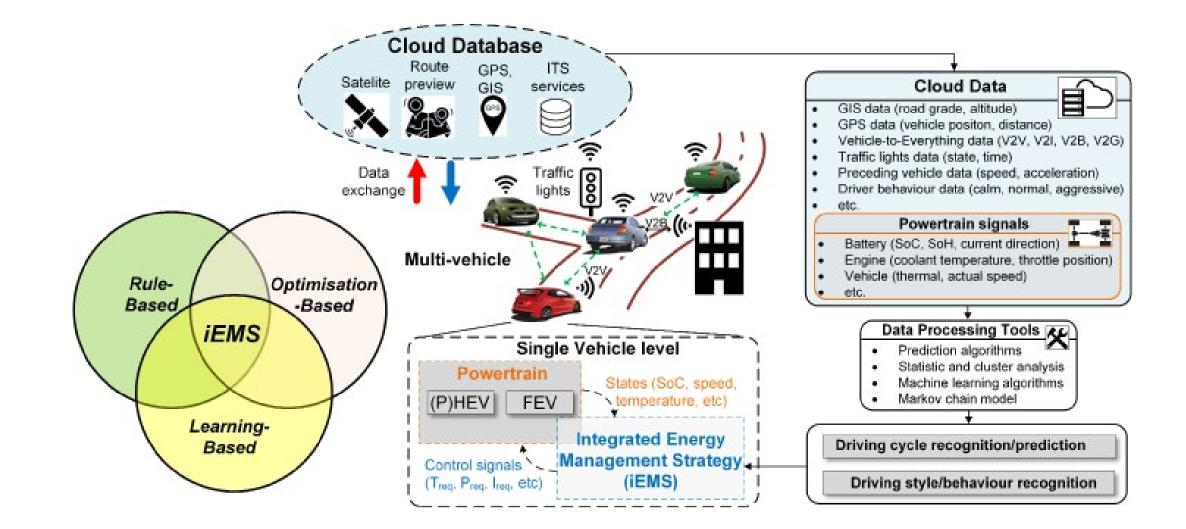
Integrated EMS for Plug-in/Hybrid/Electric/Connected Vehicles





3. Next generation of controllers

 Developing and testing new agent-based algorithms for online training and optimization, i.e., Deep Reinforcement Learning (DRL)



DP-Dynamic Programming, GA-Genetic Algorithm, PSO-Particle swarm optimization



Vehicle Fleet Electrification & Energy Management– ECO Strategies

Multi-level and Eco-EMS Strategies for Plug-in/Hybrid/ Electric/Connected Vehicles and Fleets

1. **Full Electrification** of Bus-lines in Cities

2. Eco-Driving

- Bus lines specifications
- Optimal location of the charging systems for the bus-lines
- Depot optimization
- Codesign optimization for the fleets
- TCO assessment

- Extended driving range of vehicles
- Eco driving algorithms including boosting operational limits techniques
- Energy consumption minimization with integrated Eco driving

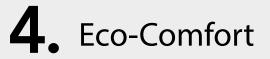




EFFICIENT POWER ELECTRONICS, POWERTRAIN & ENERGY SOLUTIO **RESEARCH GROUP**

3. Eco-Charging

- Smart Charging strategies including optimized charging/DC charging power, charging time, number of super-fast and depot chargers
- Smart rescheduling of fleets
- Minimization of grid impact during charging/discharging processes
- TCO optimization at fleet level
- Respect pre-conditioning required by thermal management system (TMS)



- Optimized on-board thermal • management algorithms
- Delivering the maximum level of • comfort to passengers
- Smart pre-conditioning strategies • for the cabin and the powertrain systems

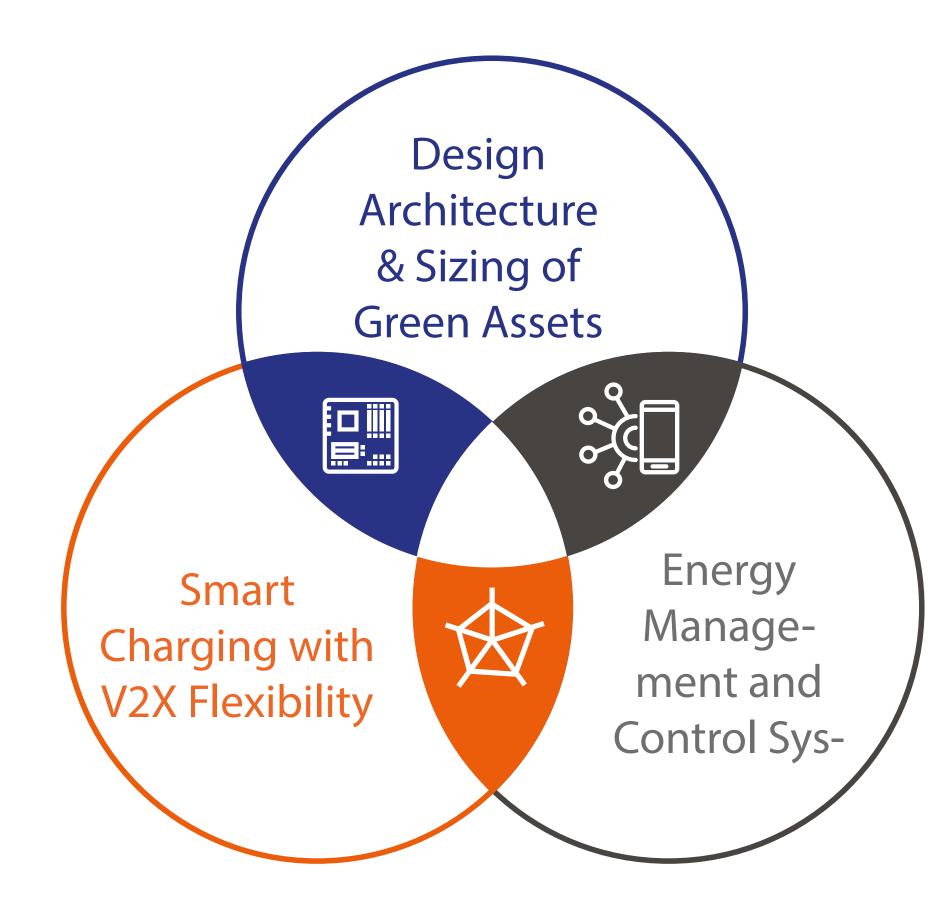




Powertrain Research Infrastructure: Powertrain Innovation Lab (PIL)



Smart Green Grid Solutions – Architecture & EMS





Design architecture & sizing of Green assets

- PV-EV charging systems
- ESS-EV charging systems •
- PV-ESS system

- Smart buildings
- Small-Scale DC Microgrids •
- Parking lots and Depots • with V2X

Energy management and control systems

- **Rule-based EMS** •
- Optimization-based EMS
- Learning-based EMS

- Self-Healing (SH) EMS
- IoT-based control of assets

Smart Charging with V2X flexibility

- Cost optimization •
- Power quality and Power flow
- Grid impact

- Self-consumption
- V2X (V2G, V2B, V2H) management



Smart Green Grid Solutions – Architecture & EMS

Design architecture & sizing of Green assets

1. Assets Design Optimization

2. Optimal Operation of Green Assets

- Integration of EV charging stations incl. V2X, PV units, ESS and household consumption
- Sizing to minimize the price of OPEX and APEX for all assets
- Guaranteeing electricity can be used locally with sufficient generation/storage capacity

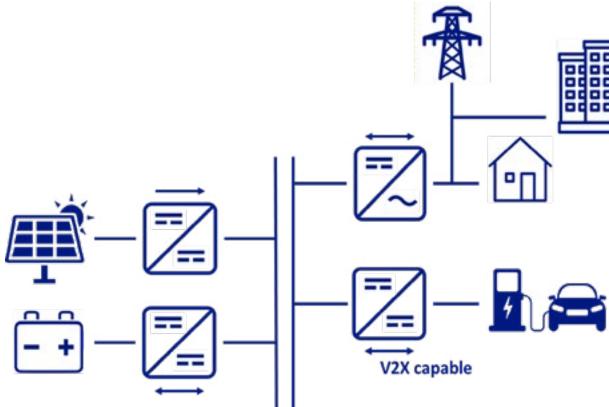
- Energy management to optimize the power flow between the assets
- Constitution of small-scale
 DC Microgrids
- Joint optimal operation of Green
 Energy Assets



3. Smart Neighbourhood Integration

- Analysis of integration into higher-level neighbourhoods
- Impact on the LV and MV grids
- Optimization of large EV fleets and electric buses charging stations incl. V2G
- Involvement of the grid operator in the optimization loop
- Centralized and distributed controls









Smart Green Grid Solutions – Architecture, Grid Monitoring & EMS

• Energy management and control systems & Smart Charging with V2X flexibility

EV Charging Optimiza-1. EV Charging 1 tion including V2X

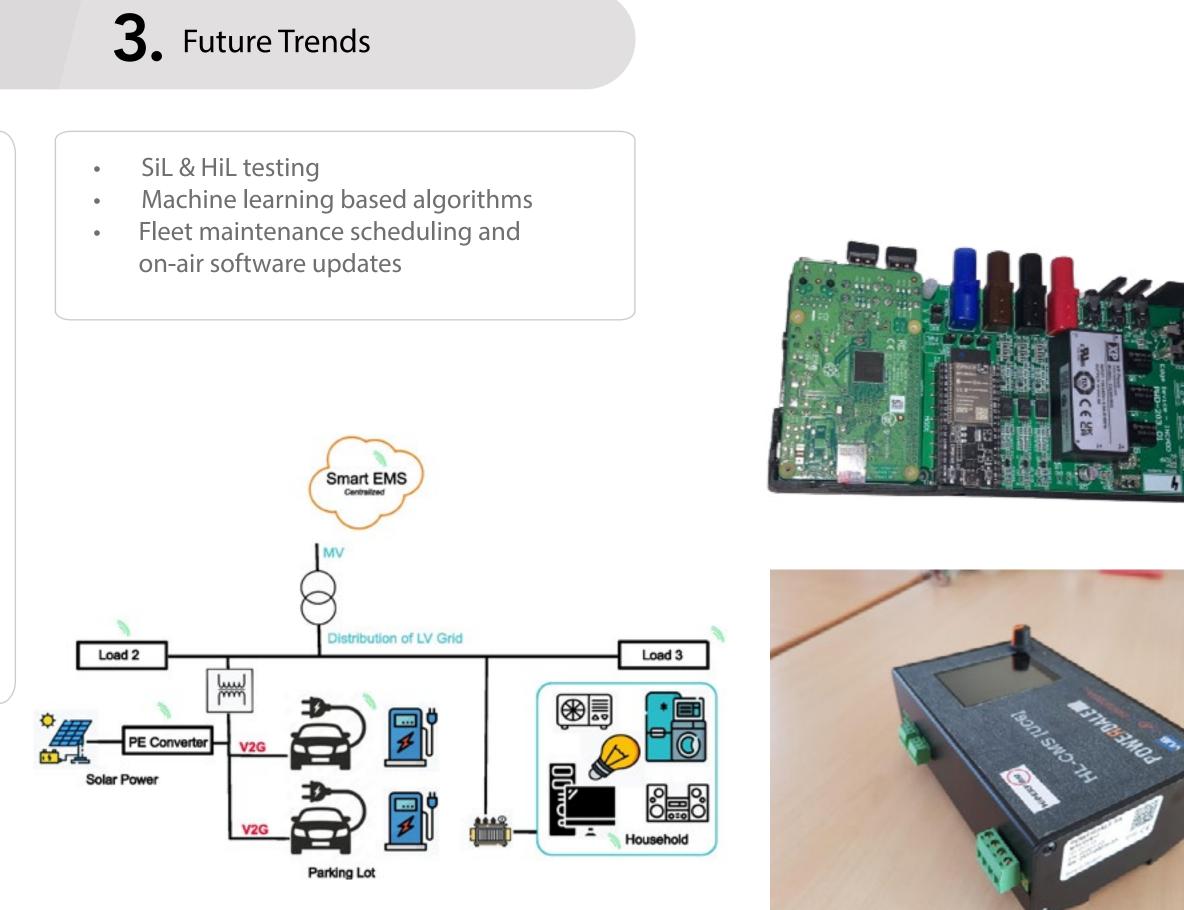
Optimal Energy Manage-2. ment in the microgrid

- Real-time scheduling of EVs •
- Cost reduction for EV fleets
- Satisfying grid constraints •
- Optimized operation of EV • charging equipment
- Smart V2X (V2G, V2B, V2H, V2D) • integration
- Smart power quality monitoring of • grid voltages

Advanced EMS for optimized power flow in DC-microgrid

- Maximization of self-consumption within the DC-microgrid
- Provision of extra services to • DC-microgrid (predictive load, peak shaving, load shifting, Power quality)
- Self-Healing (SH) algorithm to • increase system availability and lifetime
- Fleet management with real-time monitoring and centralized data analysis
- Condition monitoring for improved and reliable grid operation











Charging and V2X Research Infrastructure: Smart Charging Lab (SCL)

Charger Testing and Certification

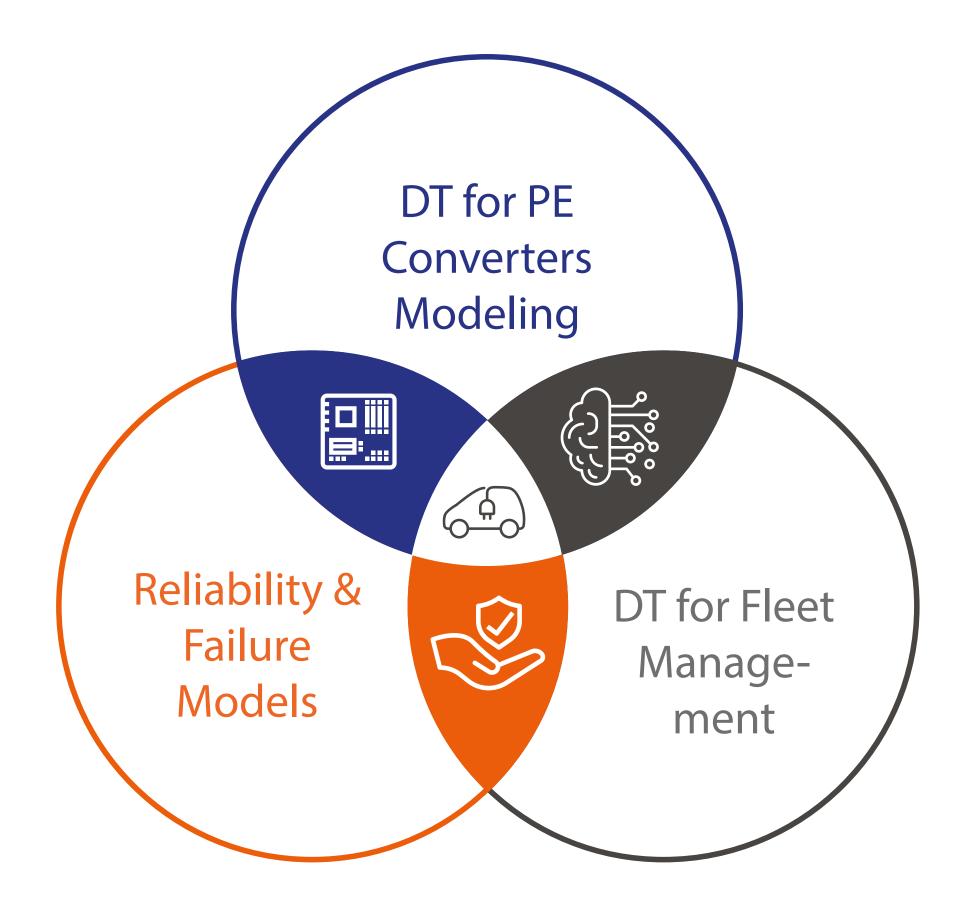




Charging Systems Lab: EV charging Analyzer/simulator









DT for PE converters modeling

- Digital Twin for Design (DT4D)
- Digital Twin for Reliability (DT4R)
- Cloud connectivity
- Digital Twin for validation (DT4V)

DT for EVs and Fleet management

- Virtual fleet simulation
- Cost Optimization
- Improve Reliability

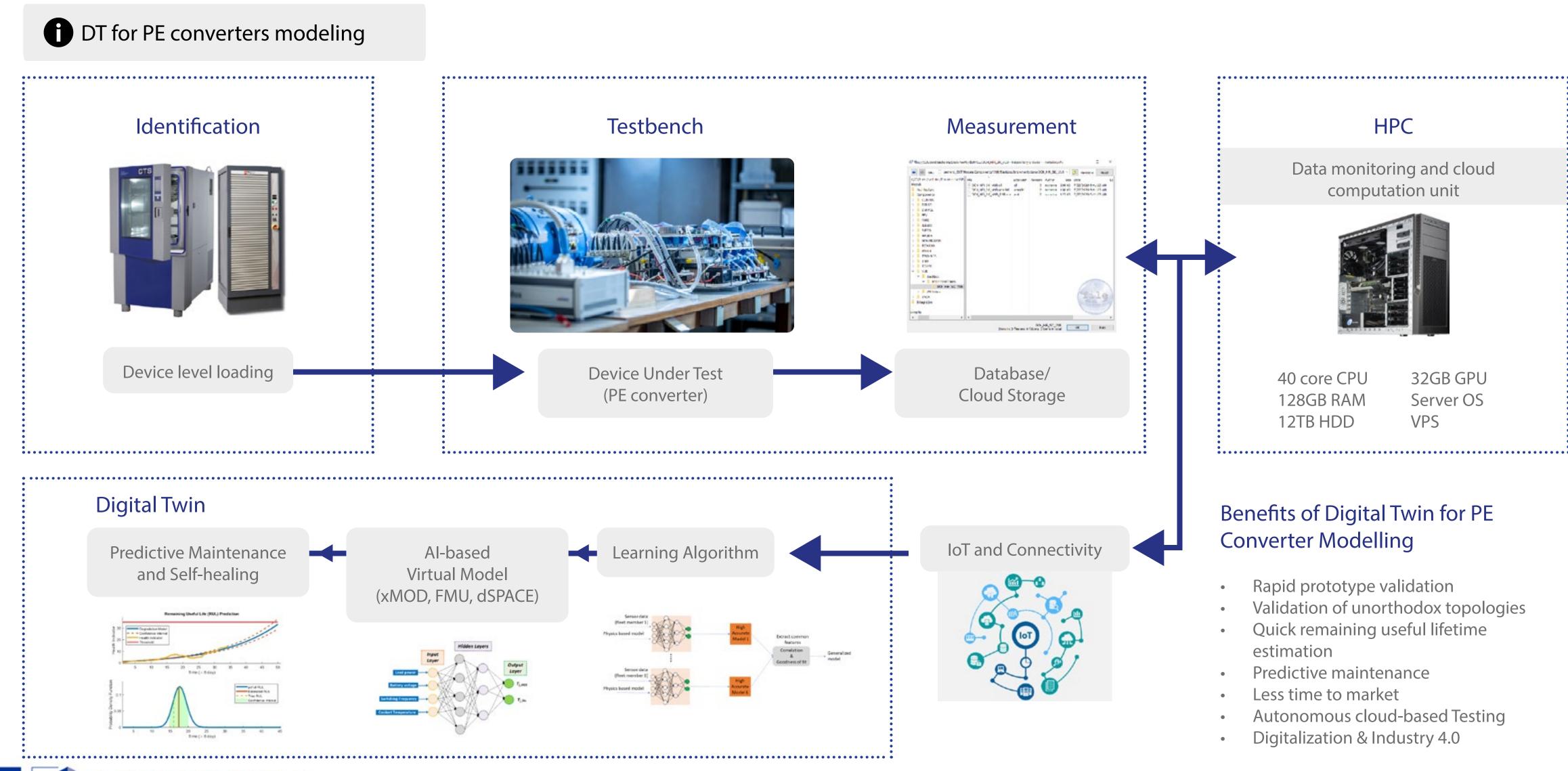
Reliability & Fault tolerant PE models

- Physics of failure-based analysis
- ALT of converters/components
- Converter level reliability
 assessment

- Digital Twin for control (DT4C)
- Virtual prototype

- Predictive maintenance
- Fleet Resilience
- Improve safety
- Online condition monitoring
- Fault localization
- Fault tolerance

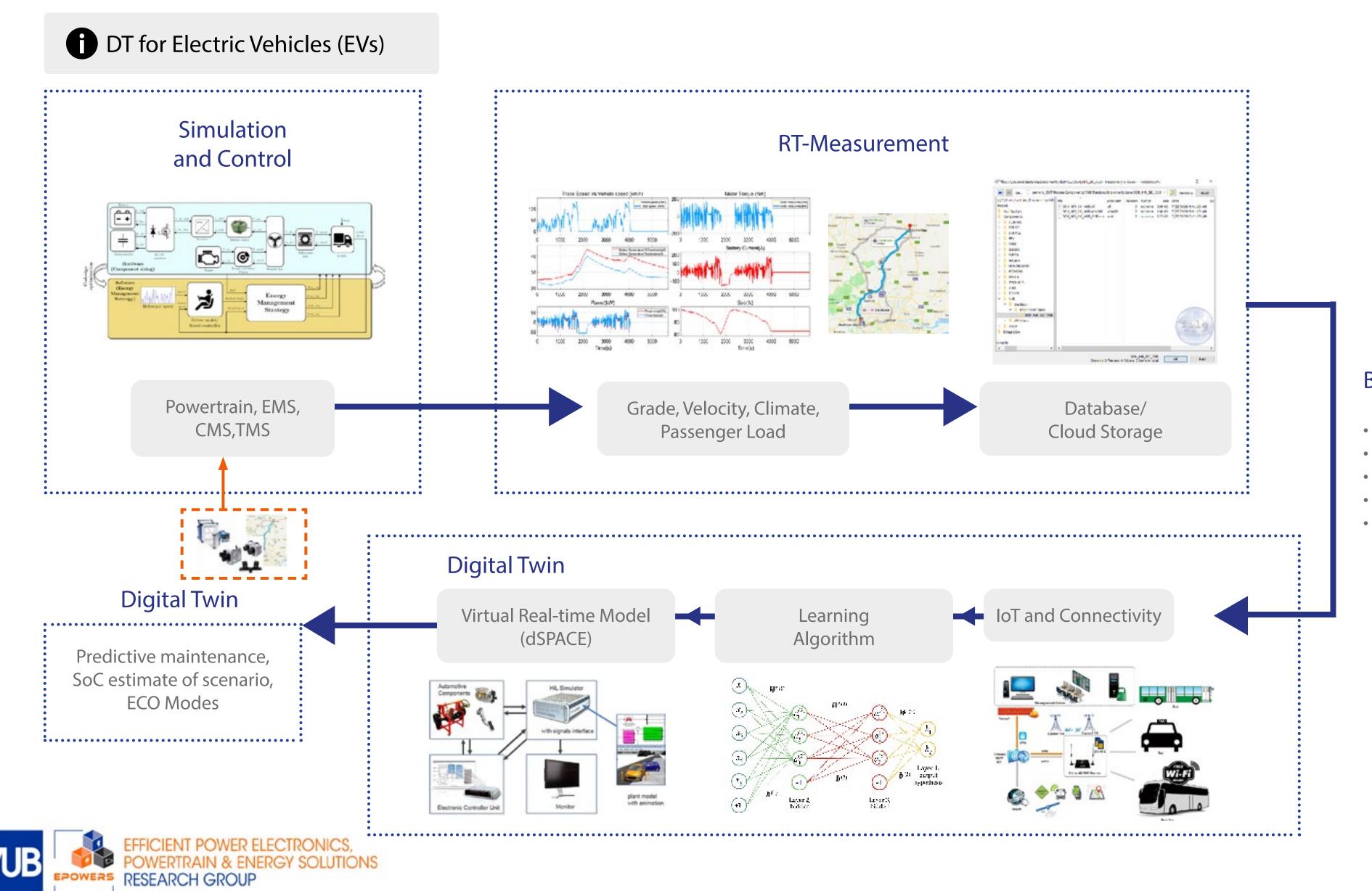






EFFICIENT POWER ELECTRONICS, POWERTRAIN & ENERGY SOLUTIONS RESEARCH GROUP

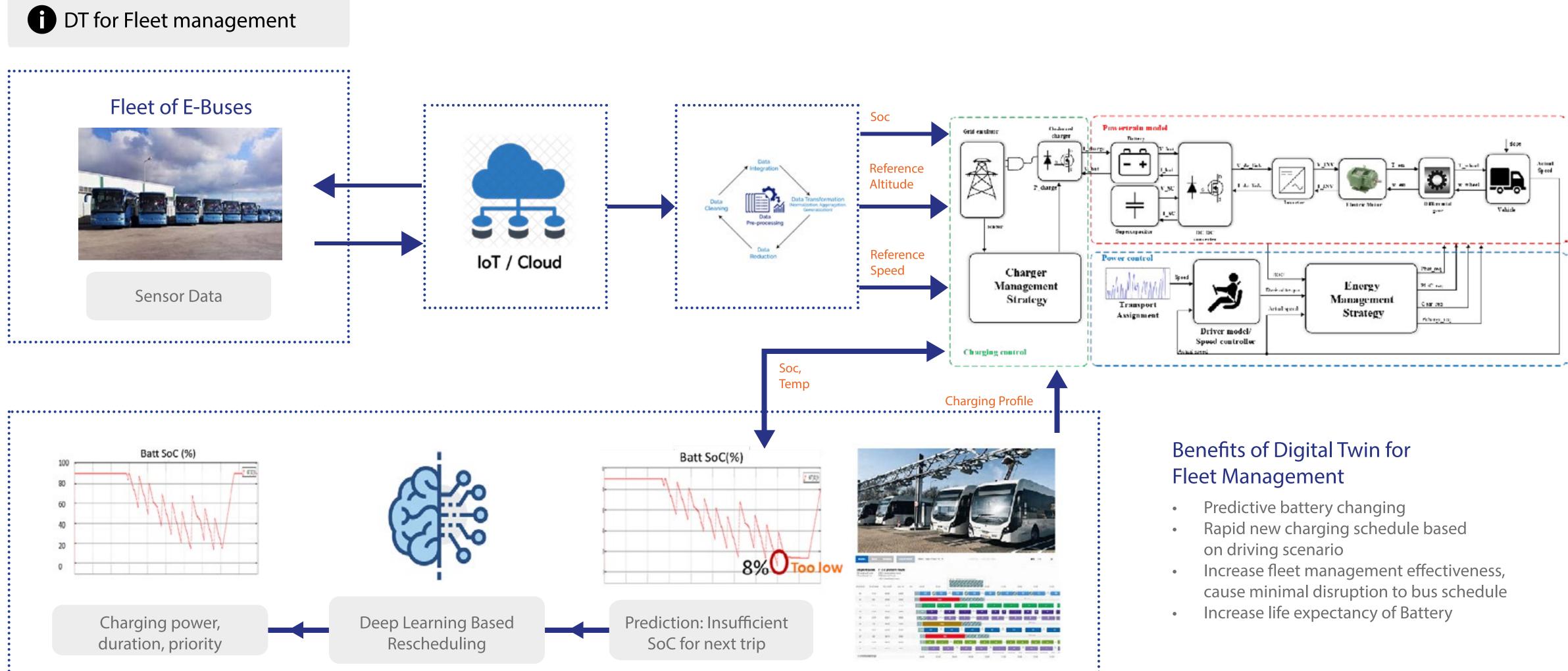


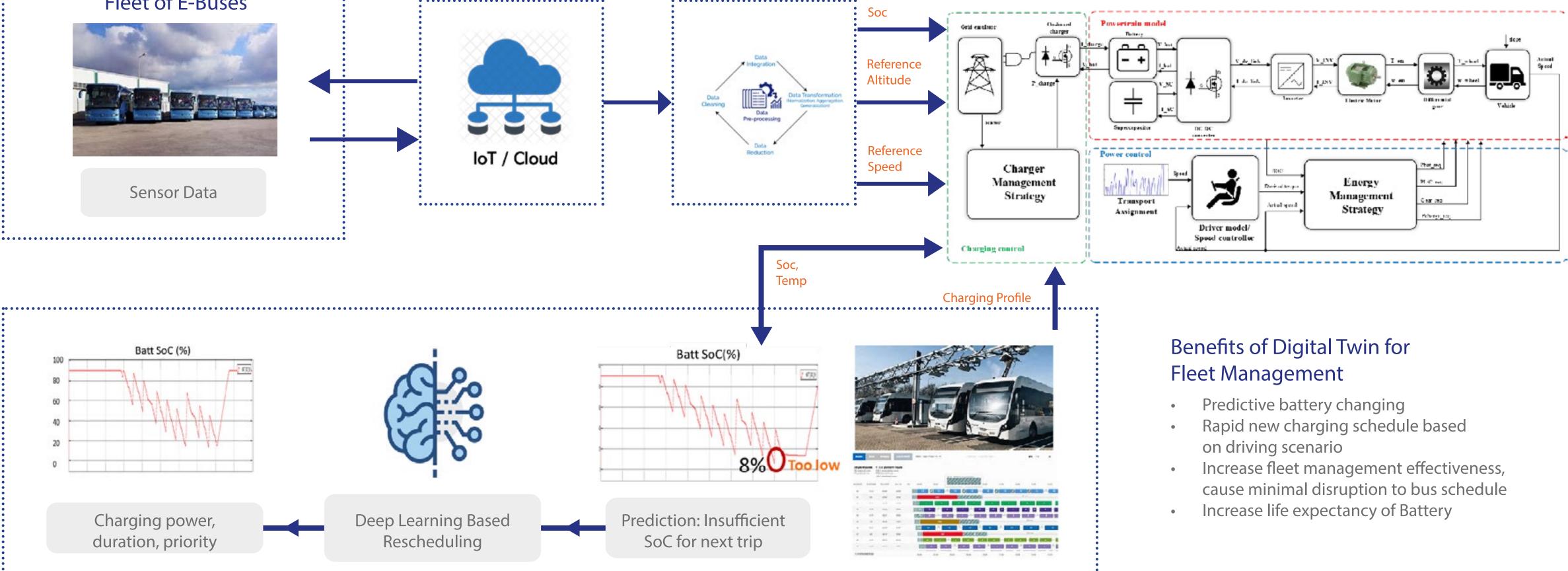


Benefits of Digital Twin for EVs

- Quick Model Validation
- Optimization strategies
- Extreme scalability of the EVs
- Improve EVs safety and comfort
- Improve vehicle consumption



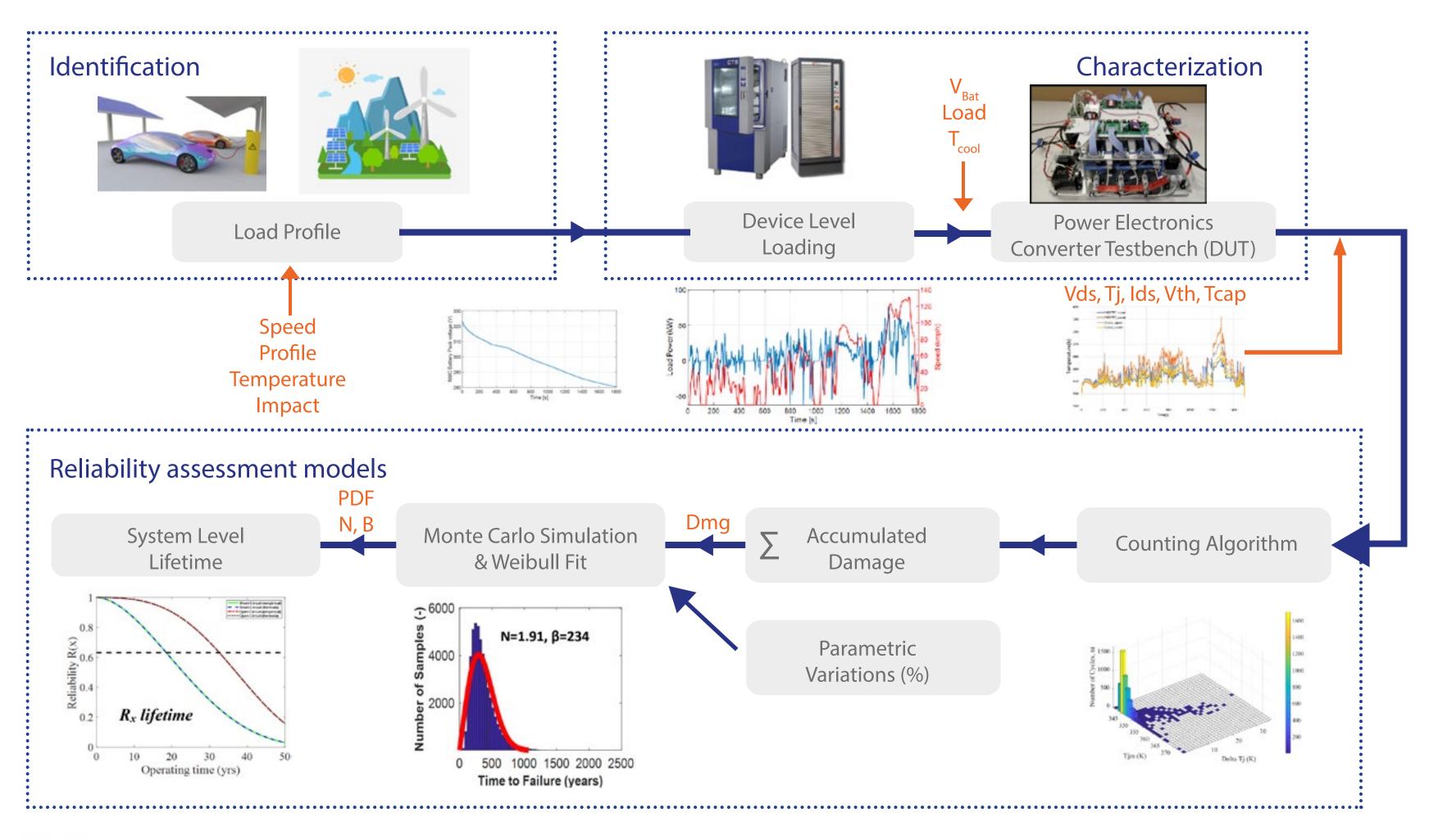








1 Reliability Assessment: Accelerated lifetime testing/Lifetime testing procedure





EFFICIENT POWER ELECTRONICS, POWERTRAIN & ENERGY SOLUTIONS

Activities and Services

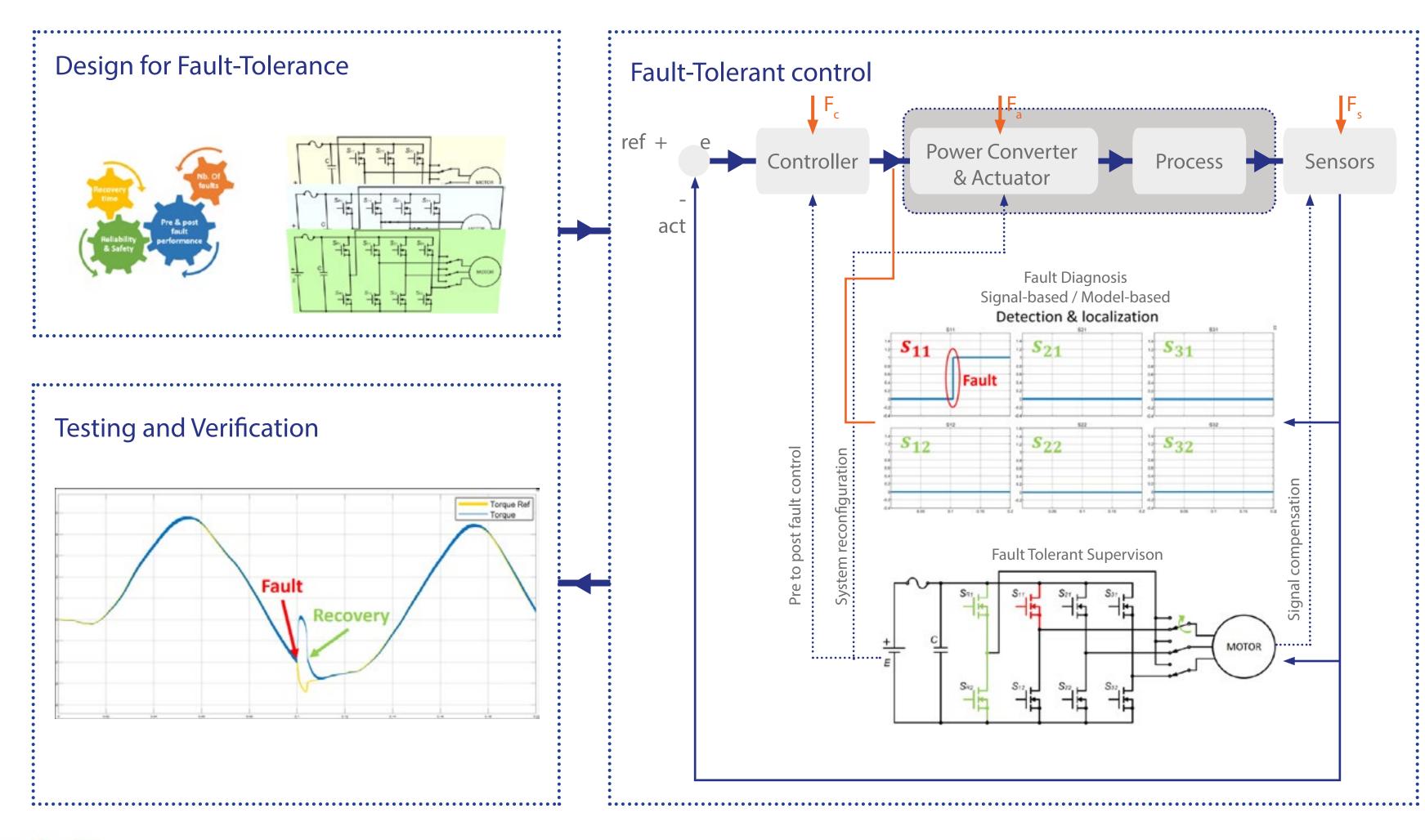
- DUT conformance testing up to 250 kW
- Device characterization
- HALT and failure diagnosis
- Wear out testing
- Mission-profile oriented Test
- **Reliability-Oriented Design**
- Fault progression
- Estimating Remaining Useful Lifetime

Targeted Testing

- Mission-profile based Test
- Power Cycling Test [IEC 60749-34:2011]
- Temperature Cycling Test [IEC 60749-34:2012]
- HALT Test [IEC 68-2-38] •



f Fault Tolerance PE models





Methodology

- Identification of:
 - System Requirements & specifications
 - Fault modes & behaviors
- System optimization and selection of suitable fault tolerance strategy
- System modeling
- Implementation of fault detection and localization methods
- Fault isolation
- System Reconfiguration mechanisms
- Pre- and post-fault control
- Prototyping, testing and validation

Key Activities and Features

- Fault tolerant converter modeling
- Converter faults characterization
- Fast fault detection, isolation and system reconfiguration
- Advanced control
- Cost reduction
- Improved reliability

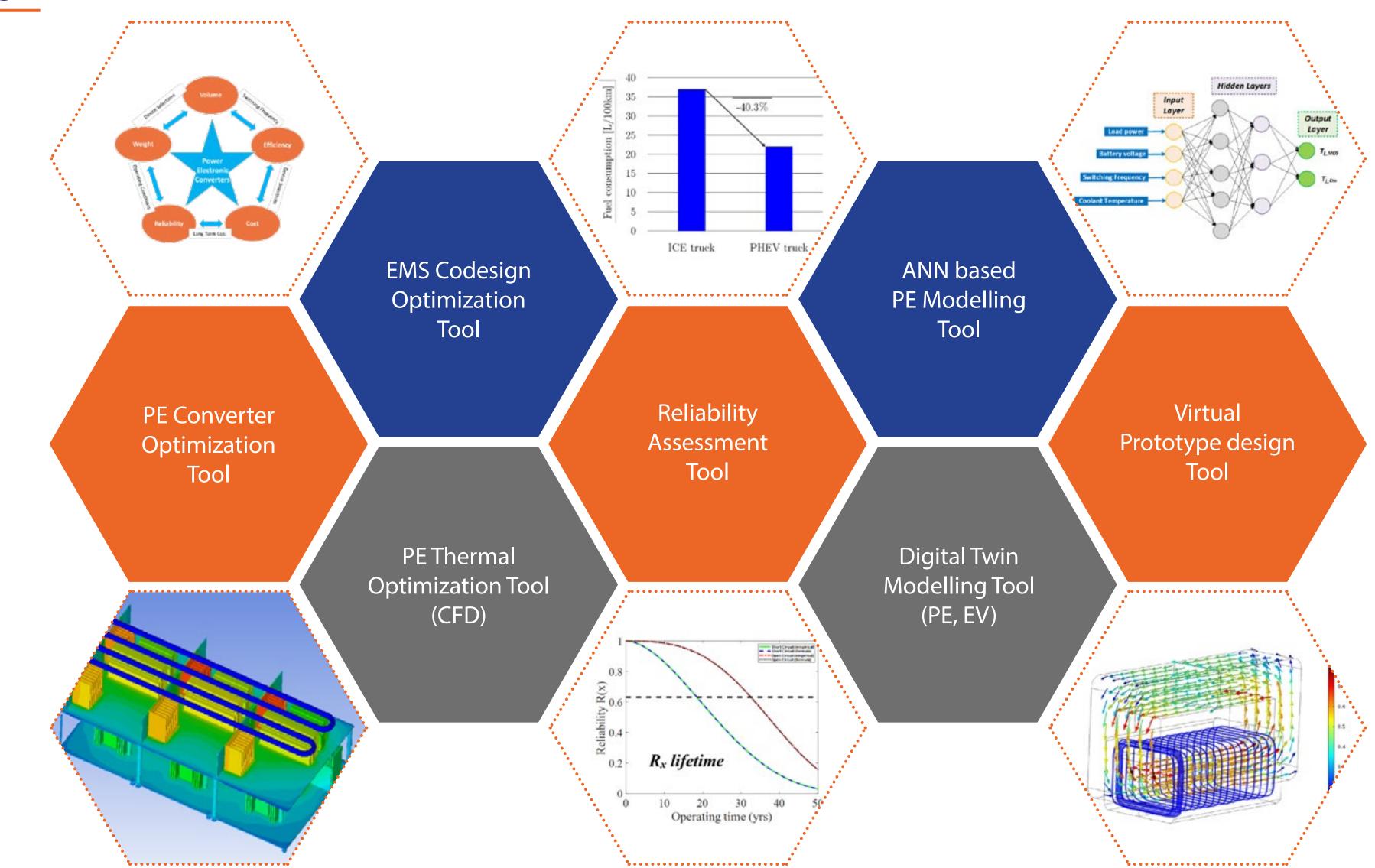


Power Electronics Reliability Lab (PERL)





Our Tools





EFFICIENT POWER ELECTRONICS, POWERTRAIN & ENERGY SOLUTIONS RESEARCH GROUP



Service Offer

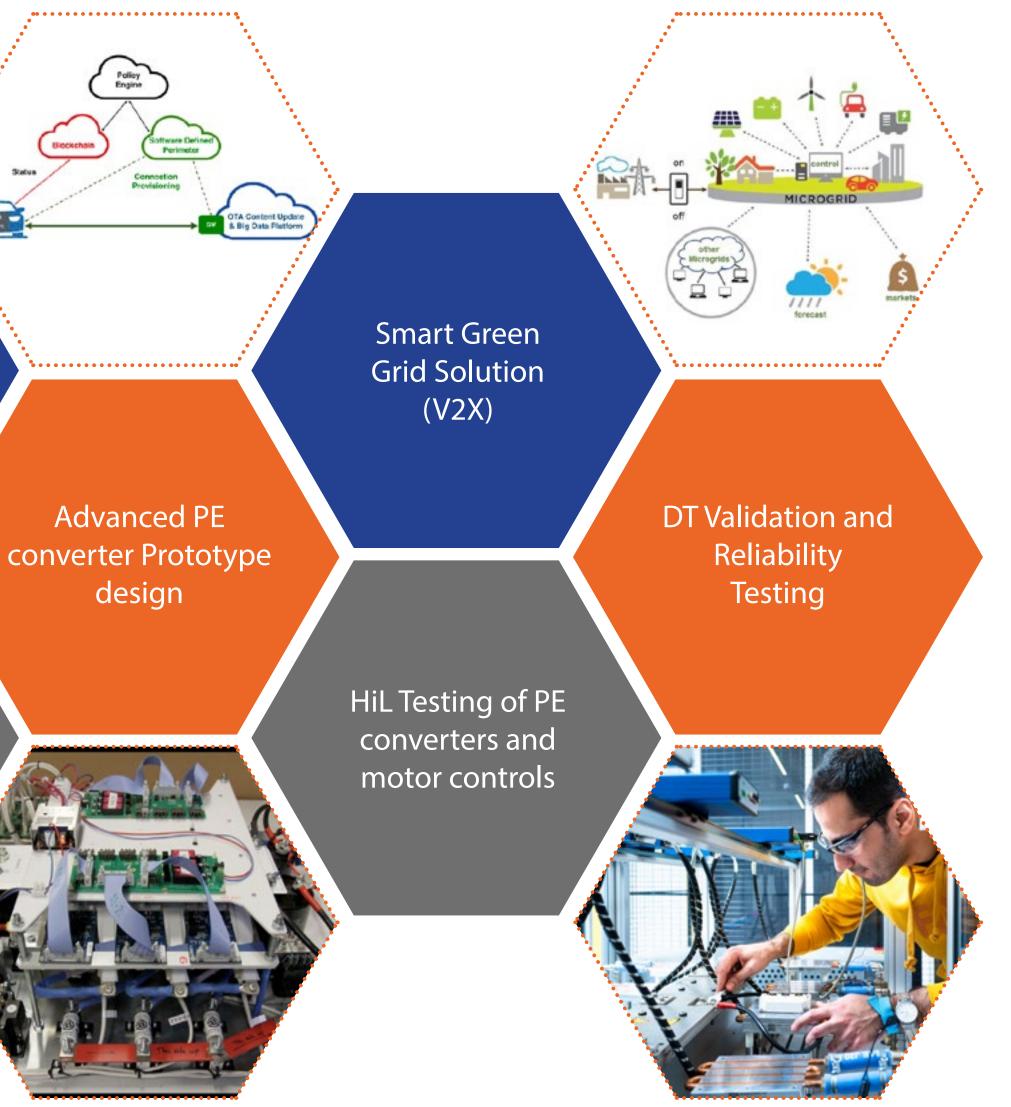
Codesign Optimization for EMS,TMS & PE

Cloud connected EV modeling & EV Testing

ECO Algorithms implementation



EFFICIENT POWER ELECTRONICS, POWERTRAIN & ENERGY SOLUTIONS RESEARCH GROUP



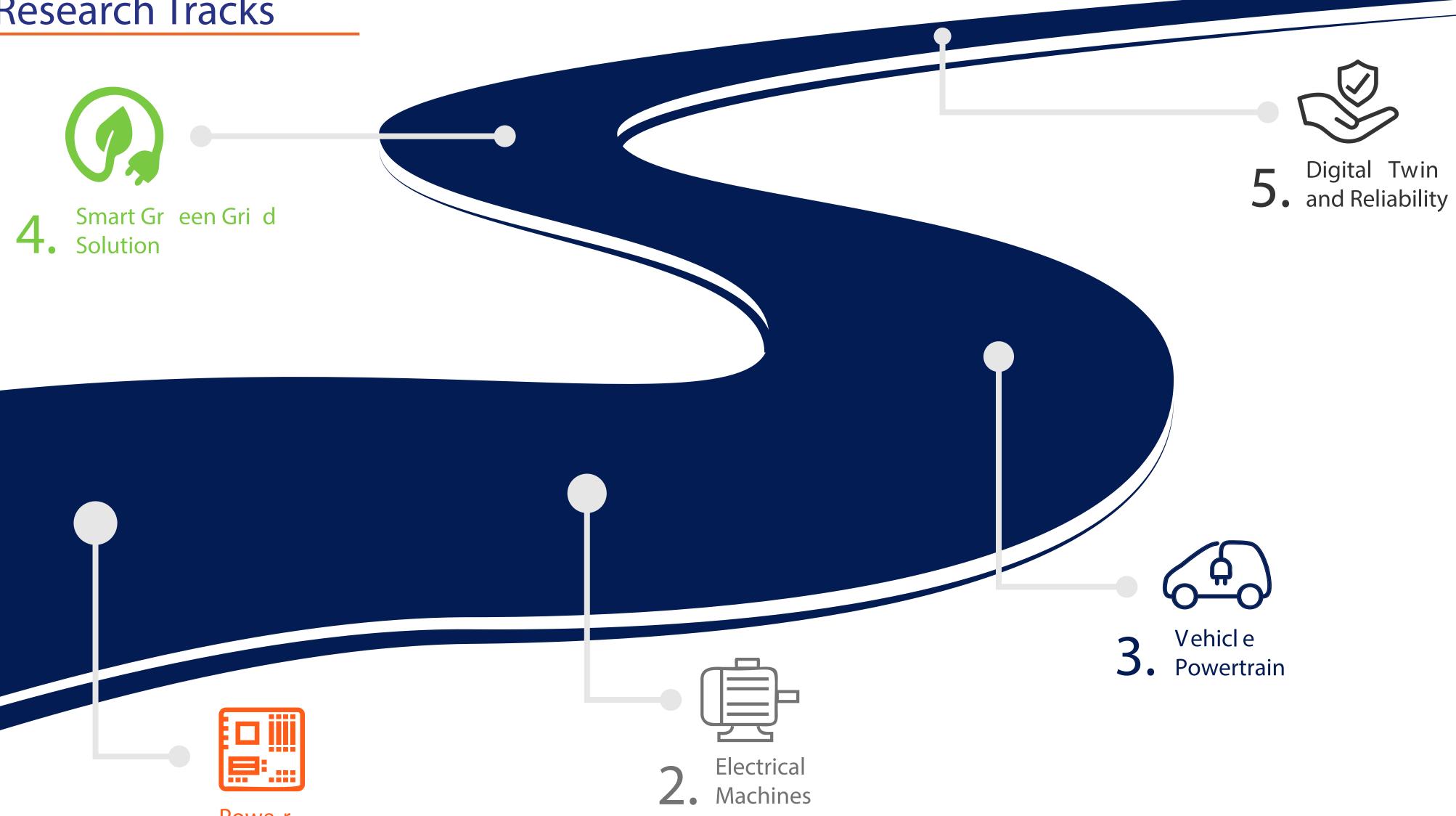


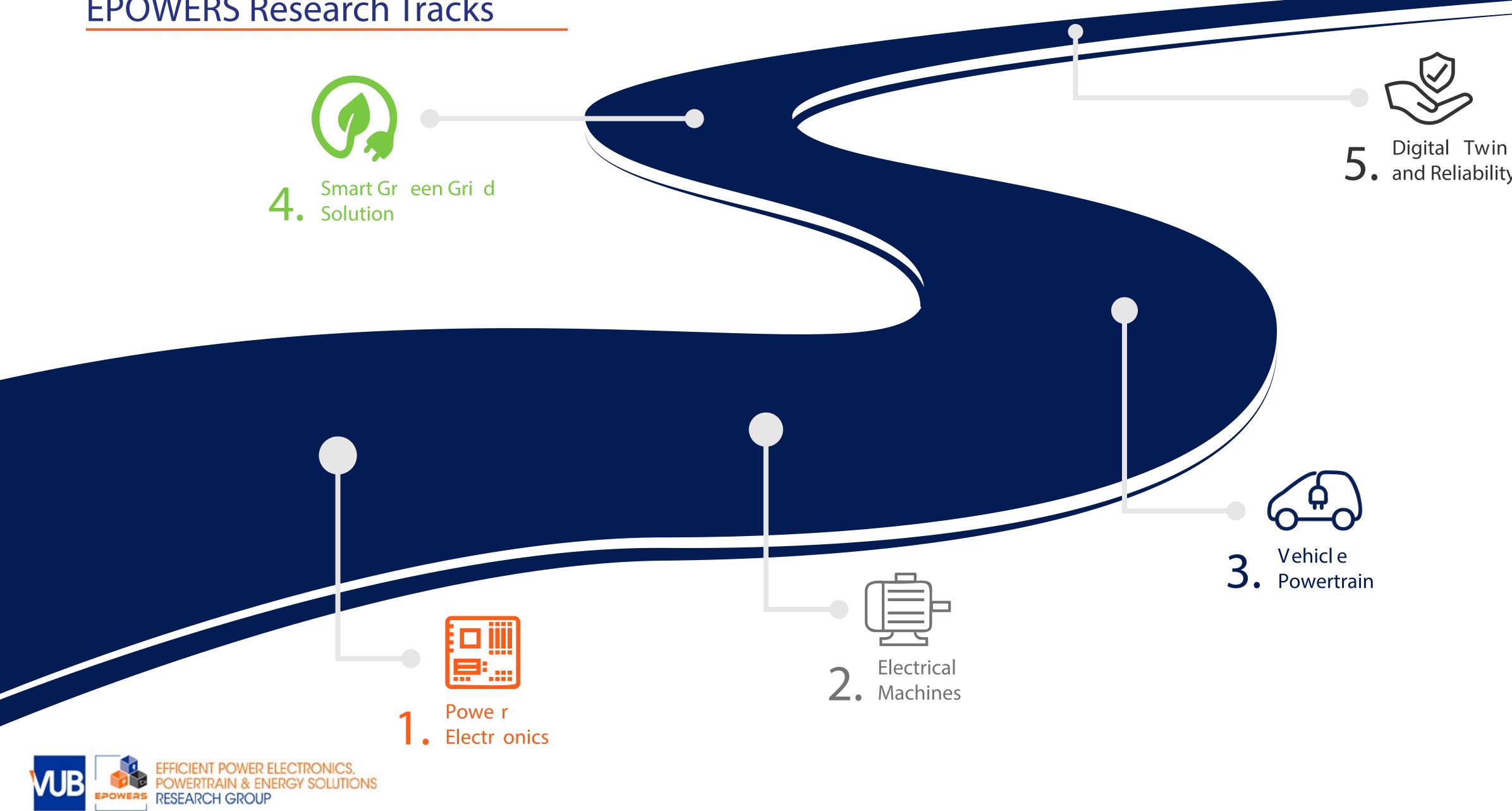






EPOWERS Research Tracks







Director and Leadership

Senior Researchers



Dr. Mohamed El-Baghdadi Mohamed.El.Baghdadi@vub.be Leader of Vehicle Technology and connectivity (VTC) Team



Dr. Thomas Geury Thomas.Geury@vub.be Leader of Smart Green Grid Solution (SGGS) Team

Project Management





Eva Flora Varga Eva.Flora.Varga@vub.be Senior Project Manager



Prof. Dr. Omar Hegazy Omar.Hegazy@vub.be



Dr. Sajib Chakraborty Sajib.Chakraborty@vub.be Leader of Digital Twin and Reability (DTR) Team



Dr. Boud Verbrugge Boud.Verbrugge@vub.be Technical Project Manager and EPOWERS LAB Manager



Ashleigh Hruz Ashleigh.Hruz@vub.be Project Manager





